

The People's Press.

SALEM, N. C.

THURSDAY, JUNE 13, 1878.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to this office, by note or account, would confer a special favor by calling and settling, as we need money.

CLUBS.—We will club the Press and the Carolina Farmer, published in Wilmington, for \$2 75 a year; or \$1 50 for six months.

CONVENTIONS.

Forsyth County Convention will meet at the Court House, Saturday, June 20th.

Stokes County Convention meets in Danbury, Monday, June 17th.

The President has signed the bill repealing the bankrupt law.

OREGON.—The Democrats carry Oregon, adding another Democratic Senator from that State.

A GOOD SIGN.—Radicals are denouncing the investigation of the Potter Committee in Washington.

RAILROAD MEETING.—A Railroad meeting was held in Wilkesboro a few weeks since, favoring an early extension of the A. T. and O. Railroad from Statesville to some point on the E. T. and O. Railroad in Southwest Virginia, near the Salt Works.

DISSATISFACTION.—It will be seen from a communication in this issue, that considerable excitement and confusion existed during the session of the Yadkinville Convention, and it is evident that Mr. Graves was not the first choice of that body. A majority of the people of this District may not be satisfied with the result.

The Grain Prospect.

Notwithstanding the rather gloomy prospect of the wheat crop in this section of the State, (not more than half a crop being predicted) the oat crop looks very promising, and the young corn is in good condition.

Our young friend, Jacob Sides, writes from Texas that the wheat crop is excellent in that State, and all other crops flourishing.

The prospect is also represented as bright in Southern Georgia for an abundant crop of wheat, corn, oats and barley.

There is a controversy in progress between the friends of Senator Merrimon and Gov. Vance, relative to the U. S. Senatorship. It is growing warmer and warmer. It is very well known, that at the late election of U. S. Senator, by the Legislature, the contest was between Merrimon and Vance, the former receiving the Republican support, was elected. Both the gentlemen will probably be candidates again, hence the agitation of the subject now.

Senator Merrimon is out in a very lengthy card in vindication of himself against imputations made against him in reference to his election to the Senate of the United States in 1872.

The Charlotte Observer puts it thus: "Senator Merrimon claims that he didn't sell out to the Democracy in 1872, when he jumped into the United States Senate through the back door; that he only defeated Vance's pledged caucus. The seventy-eight Democrats who voted for Vance represented the Democracy of the State, and in their character as representatives were authorized to cast the vote of their party. Senator Merrimon sold them out for a mess of pottage, and now labors hard in a five column card to prove that he is not conscience stricken."

The Presidential Election Fraud investigation in Washington so far establishes shameful and criminal transactions by the Radicals in stealing the Presidency. It is in evidence that the Louisiana and Florida Presidential elections were carried for Hayes by an organized conspiracy of fraud. Unless the testimony of the witnesses is successfully impeached, the Republican party is well nigh ruined in the estimation of the people. The sceptre is fast departing from the party, and the outlook is that the Conservative Democratic party will have an easy race in the next Presidential election.

The New York Times, a leading Republican paper, says:

"Whatever infamy may be heaped on Anderson's character, and however effectually his oral testimony may be rattled, the documentary evidence he produced must receive careful attention. Mr. Sherman is placed in an unfortunate position rather by his treatment of the copy of the letter attributed to him than by the letter itself. He had proclaimed himself so eager to meet every accusation to prove non-interference with Anderson, that his evasive answers when the copy was produced, damaged him exceedingly. They raise a presumption against him that will not be easily overcome."

FROM WASHINGTON.

On the 5th, in the House, the consideration of the Internal Revenue bill was resumed.

The question on Mr. Tucker's amendment, reducing the tax on tobacco to 16 cents, was adopted—yeas 137, nays 103.

An amendment to the Internal revenue bill was offered by Mr. Vance, of North Carolina, that revenue cases should not be transferred from State to Federal Courts. Adopted in the Committee of the Whole.

The amendment applies only to criminal cases where revenue officers are defendants.

A large meeting of Tobacco men was held at the Ebbitt House, in Washington, strongly urging the reduction of the Tobacco tax.

The Foreign News.

LONDON, June 8.—A Vienna correspondent of the Times says in consequence of the dread of socialism, Russia desires immediate peace.

The Daily News has a Constantinople despatch via Syria saying that there is something serious at the palace. The Sultan has not been to the Mosque.

The Daily Telegraph's Vienna correspondent says Roumania has just officially notified the Austrian government that she will not cede Bessarabia, even in obedience to a decision of the Powers.

Dates of the 10th, from St. Petersburg and Vienna, express favorable feelings as to the peaceful result of the Congress of Nations.

HAIL STORM.—A storm of wind and hail prevailed in the vicinity of Augusta, Georgia, on Sunday last.

Thomas Wymus' gin manufactory at Belair was blown down, and out-houses and fences are prostrated in several places, and some crops destroyed. A vast quantity of large hail stones fell, breaking window glasses and cutting down corn and cotton. Three white children are reported killed.

From the Sentinel.

Our Revenue Service.

STOKES COUNTY, May 30, 1878.

One of the principal causes assigned by the opponents of the reduction of the tax on tobacco and whiskey is that the present tax is necessary to raise revenue for the government. Well, it does take a lot of money to run the government, especially the revenue branch of it, as the following will show. We have a distillery in this county where the store-keepers have been paid \$1,800 for their services, and during that time the amount of whiskey made paid a tax of \$800. Here the government paid out three dollars for every one taken in. In Danbury this week the fixtures of a tobacco factory that had been seized were sold for \$25. This factory had been guarded for probably three months at an expense of \$2 per day. There are three or four other factories in the county that have netted the government about in the same proportion. It is a great wonder that the present tax on tobacco and whiskey will pay the expenses of the Revenue Department. What is true of this department in this county, we have no doubt has its parallels in other counties, and the people can form some idea how their money goes to feed and pamper the hangers on to the skirts of them that be in power.

DAN RIVER.

The Normal School.

The following rates over the transportation lines have been obtained for the benefit of teachers attending the normal school, at Chapel Hill, on the 17th.—Tickets to be sold at all stations on the various lines, at any time from the 12th of June to the close of the school.

On the Western North Carolina road, free; but parties asking for passage must produce a certificate from the Superior Court clerk, register of deeds, or member of Legislature, that they are going to attend the school.

On the Atlantic & North Carolina road, half the usual rates, or one fare for going and coming, to be paid when ticket is obtained, and returned free on certificate of President Battle, or secretary of the faculty, that they have attended school.

Same rates over the Raleigh & Gaston, Augusta Air-Line, Roanoke and Seaboard roads, and their connecting lines of the steamers, and same conditions.

Over the North Carolina road, and its Salem and Danville connection, three cents per mile each way, to be paid for in one ticket, and returned free on certificate of President Battle, or Secretary.

Over Western Railroad, half usual fare, on same terms and conditions.

Charlotte and Atlanta Air-Line, Charlotte and Statesville, and Carolina Central, not yet arranged with, but will be, soon, and terms announced.—Raleigh News.

Department of Agriculture.

Mr. Joseph M. Wilson, of Washington, D. C., has sent to the Department a collection of 42 articles manufactured from jute. These samples are from a large manufactory in Scotland, and cover everything except paper. Accompanying them is a letter from the donor, in which he pertinently remarks: "Jute can be easily raised in North Carolina, and its manufacture can soon become one of the industries of the State, if the people thereof say so. You know that where there is a will there is a way." The more I think of the jute manufactory the more am I impressed with its value to North Carolina. You can see how many wants can be supplied by its cultivation, for out of it are made, as you see, carpets, tarpsauls, bagging, sackings, warp and weft, twine, line, yarn, burials, etc. Your Department would do well to take up the matter seriously, and encourage its growth, for the purpose of its being manufactured into articles of use. At your next Fair let these samples be seen, alongside such samples of jute, in its original condition, as are exhibited from your State, and I am sure it will do good, by suggesting to some one in North Carolina the utilization of so important a fibre." Mr. W. P. Reinhardt, of Hickory, Catawba county, sends to the Department specimens of rye 7 feet high; also some particularly fine oats.—News.

The Yadkinville Convention.

ERRATA PRESS.—The Judicial Convention met at Yadkinville on Saturday last. There were large delegations from all the counties composing the District, and Messrs. Wilson, Clement and Graves each had a strong following.—The Convention was called to order by the Chairman of the District Convention, by calling J. C. Baxter to act as temporary Chairman. On motion of Mr. Williamson, from Davie, each delegation from the nine counties composing the District, retired for the purpose of selecting a delegate to act as a committee on permanent organization, consisting of one member from each county. The Committee reported as follows: Capt. Noah Ford, for President, G. M. Mathes and H. W. Douglas, Secretaries.

Nominations being next in order, Mr. Watson, in a very handsome tribute, nominated T. J. Wilson, of Forsyth.—Maj. Kerr nominated J. M. Clement, of Davie. E. L. Vaughn nominated J. F. Graves, of Surry.

The balloting then commenced and resulted for the first five ballots as follows: Clement, 54, embracing the counties of Yadkin 1, Rowan 2, Wilkes 2, Davie 14.

Wilson 44, embracing the counties of Forsyth 1, Stokes 1, Davidson 2, and Davie 14.

Graves, 2, embracing the counties of Surry 1 and Alleghany 1.

As will be seen the representation in the House of Representatives was assumed as the basis of votes to which each county was entitled.

On the sixth ballot, the delegation from Davie got into a wrangle, part insisting that they should abide by the instructions of the County Convention and the will of the people, and adhere to their respective candidates; and part insisting that the vote should be given to Clement. The majority finally ruled against a protest was entered by the Wilkes men, and a similar one entered by the minority from Rowan county. The excitement was intense at this point, and the Wilson men seeing that there could be no satisfactory termination of the matter, went in a body to Graves, which left the matter as follows: Clement 6, Graves 6.

Wilkes then threw her two votes in favor of Graves, which left the matter as follows: Clement 4, Graves 8.

Mr. Graves was thereupon declared nominated.

The Convention then nominated Joseph Dobson, the present incumbent, Solicitor for the next four years, whereupon Mr. Dobson appeared and thanked the Convention for their expression of renewed confidence, and promised that he should be heard from before the day of election.

The selection of Mr. Graves was not a happy one for the nomination of Judge. He is a gentleman of fine legal mind, but has not that strong attachment and confidence of the people, which either Judge Wilson or Mr. Clement possess—perhaps owing to the fact that he is not so well known. His nomination has not given general satisfaction throughout the district, and it was only through the want of unanimity on the part of the Wilson and Clement men that he received the nomination.

There should have been no opposition to Judge Wilson in this contest, and neither Mr. Graves nor Mr. Clement have shown a spirit of generosity towards Mr. Wilson which he had a right to expect so soon after his overthrow by a Radical Supreme Court from a position to which he had been elevated by a large majority of the votes of this District.

It is to be seen what the State Convention will do with the matter, but we will venture the opinion, that if they carry out the wishes of the Democratic party in this State, they will disregard this District nomination and place Judge Wilson in nomination.

Yours,

DAVIDSON.

CHAPEL HILL.—The Commencement exercises of our State University, last week, was a complete success, for which all interested deserve much credit. The addresses of Hon. Jos. A. Englehard and Judge James Grant, were well given and received. A large crowd in attendance.

An unpleasant passenger in a street car is a crying baby. In such cases Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup should be given to the little sufferer to ease its troubles.—25 cents a bottle.

DAVIE COUNTY CONVENTION.—Our Salisbury correspondent writes us that the Democratic County Convention of Davie county met at Mocksville on Saturday, last. It did the same thing on the question of nominating a State Senator, three townships voting for J. C. Ford, Esq., of Davie, and three for John S. Henderson, Esq., of Salisbury, who is the choice of Rowan. Mr. Geo. Bingham was nominated for Judge of Probate, and E. M. Johnson, Esq., of Farmington, for the Legislature.—Charlotte Observer.

The N. C. Local Ministers' Conference will hold its next annual Session in the city of Charlotte, commencing on Thursday before the last Sabbath of July next.

HEAVY FROSTS in Massachusetts and New Hampshire on the night of the 6th instant, greatly injuring the crops.

The diamond flashes all the more brilliantly for its beautiful setting. So that jewel, the mind, when contained in its casket, the body, made beautiful by health, exhibits more grandly its wondrous splendor. And those desiring to enjoy that high degree of health which pure blood maintains should use Dr. Bull's Blood Mixture.

Kernersville Letter.

MESSRS. EDITORS.—Wheat harvest is here in good earnest, and while I am writing I hear Mr. J. W. Board's reaper laying low the golden grain. He has 26 acres in one field in sight of my window, besides some 80 acres more on another farm. He mowed some fifty acres of clover this season, and realized a fine turn out, in the way of hay.

I went to Oak Ridge last week, and saw some wheat fields that surpassed anything of the kind I ever saw anywhere, where the wheat was as high as a man's shoulder, and as thick on the ground as it could stand, and the heads looked to me as if they were six inches long and hung down from the weight of the grain. One thing is sure, the good Quakers in that region are model farmers, and can hold a hand in that department with any one from any where else; and that reminds me that, the other day, as I was coming up street, Professor Ray invited me to come and see his wheat crop, when he took me into his garden and showed me the product of a single grain, a volunteer, consisting of 33 stalks with well filled heads. Harvest is about two weeks earlier than last year.

Mr. Robt. B. Kerner is at home during vacation from Chapel Hill. He has had a pretty hard time, as he has had seven extra recitations a week and came out with No. 90 in all his studies, 70 being sufficient to graduate.

Kernersville High School closed on the 3d and 4th insts., and at night the young folks had a party. From the fact that Oak Ridge Commencement came off also on the 4th, there was not as large a crowd in town as on last year.

And as it was known the evening before that Mr. Robbins would not be present to deliver the literary address, on account of the death of his wife, many went to Oak Ridge to hear Rev. Dr. Smith, from Greensboro, deliver his lecture on "Little Things," your correspondent among the rest. My friend, Clarkson Starbuck, asked me what brought me there? I said the same that brought him, to hear the fiddlers play, and they played well too. But we had other good things besides, furnished by the ladies and gentlemen students of the school.

Professor Holt seems to be the right man, a native of that community, and deservedly popular with young and old in his own neighborhood, which is not always the case.

Mr. Smith's lecture was listened to with interest, and at the conclusion he was presented with a beautiful bouquet by the school, in a neat little speech by some one whose name I did not learn, as you can never get an introduction to anybody at Oak Ridge. Mr. Smith's reply in accepting the gift, was a gem of the first water, and in keeping with the occasion.

One thing more deserves special notice, an address by Mr. Calvin Bunch, a member of the school fitting himself for the ministry, an Oak Ridge boy, the son of a widow lady, esteemed throughout that region for her sincere piety and good sound sense. His subject was, "The testimony of science for the truths of the Bible," and he handled it well, his matter and manner were in keeping, and if he goes on as he has begun, in a few years his church will recognize and acknowledge his worth, and he will occupy a front rank position among her ministers.

There was an immense crowd present, and everything seemed to have passed off satisfactorily. Here too there was a party at night.

I hope next year there will be a better understanding, so that the exercises of the two institutions do not come on the same day.

C. L. R.

Kernersville, N. C., June 10, 1878.

Closing Exercises of Kernersville Academy.

MESSRS. EDITORS.—It was my good fortune to witness the closing exercises of this deservedly popular school.

On Monday night, June 3d, a very large audience was highly entertained with speeches, dialogues and music,—all well rendered, and many of the pupils showing remarkable skill for their age.

On Tuesday morning, at 9 A. M., the exercises were opened with prayer by Rev. M. L. Wood, and for three hours the large audience was entertained with declamations from the young men and music from the young ladies. There were two compositions in French by Misses Robertson and Lindsay. Also several elegant compositions in English. All the pupils showed that they had been taught by skillful teachers.

I perceived that taste and style, as well as scholarship, are important considerations. There was an ease and elegance of manner that is seldom attained by pupils so young. I was informed that the examination of the classes, which lasted three days, was very thorough and satisfactory. Prof. Trawick has long experience in the best institutions of learning, in the country, and is well qualified by ripe and thorough scholarship. He has two competent aids, Miss Thomas, in literary department, and Mrs. Trawick in music and ornamental. It is an able and worthy faculty.

The writer as well as others were disappointed as the Hon. F. C. Robbins, in consequence of severe family affliction, could not be present to deliver the literary address. Rev. Mr. Wood, however, very handsomely and appropriately addressed the audience.

The attendance both night and day was quite large. This school has a bright outlook and it is thought the next term, commencing August 1, 1878, will be much larger than the previous.

The annual sermon was delivered by Rev. Mr. Wood, and we have seldom listened to a more interesting and forcible sermon. Thus closed one of the most pleasant entertainments ever held in the village.

The party at night was well attended.

Phi.

Davidson County.

[From the Record.]

From the report of the committee (Alfred Hargrave and E. Raper) appointed by the Board of County Commissioners to be present and assist in the accounting and settlement between David Loflin, sheriff, and Wm. H. Hunt, treasurer, we get the following:

COUNTY FUND.

To abstract of the gen. taxes, \$11,963.13

To tax under schedule B (taxes on horses, mules, marriage licenses, &c.) 514.16

Total, \$12,477.29

By insolvents, overcharges and exemptions, \$ 276.59

By 5 per cent. commissions on \$12,200.70, 610.03

Total, \$886.62

To net remainder of county fund, paid Wm. H. Hunt, treasurer, \$11,590.67

SCHOOL FUND.

To abstract of general taxes, \$4,646.65

To unlisted property & polls 17.17

To amount collected from insolvent list of 1876, 63.34

Total, \$4,727.16

By insolvents, overcharges and exemptions, \$ 234.02

By 5 per cent. commissions on \$4,393.14, 219.65

Total, \$553.67

Net remainder of school fund, paid to Wm. H. Hunt, \$4,173.49

Total amount of both county & school funds paid the treasurer, \$15,764.16

MEETING OF JUSTICES.—On Saturday May 25th, a meeting of the magistrates of Davidson county was held in the court house at Lexington.

S. J. Jones was made temporary chairman and J. W. Finch, secretary.

On calling the roll the following justices answered: James Smith, B. Noe, H. L. Sink, A. J. Owen, J. H. Miller, W. W. Hix, G. F. Smith, F. M. Thompson, H. H. Hardee, J. S. Delap, C. C. Byler, S. S. Jones, E. Raper, G. W. Burke, S. A. Mock, S. W. Howerton, Alexander Conrad, Isham Regan, E. P. May, H. C. Hendrick, Levi Hendrick, Abram Cross, J. R. Plummer, J. C. Skeen, L. S. Suratt, W. R. Kirtland, C. H. Moley, S. S. Baily.

A permanent organization was effected by electing S. A. Mock chairman and J. W. Finch secretary.

S. J. Jones explained the object of the meeting, which was to appoint registrars and inspectors of the elections to be held on August 1st and November 5th. The following were appointed, the first named in each township being the registrar; the others inspectors: Lexington Township.—A. C. Hoge, J. J. Bieseker, J. P. Hendrick, H. N. Heitman, W. D. Biggers, Cotton Granger, J. H. Miller, J. C. Moley, H. A. Trantham, Joseph Roach, R. A. Billings, George W. P. Moore, R. F. Wilson, George Swinegood, D. H. Snider, J. Williams, Tyro.

—F. M. Thompson, H. F. Swinegood, A. B. Williams, Alfred Wood, Larry Young, Yadkin College.—C. C. Byler, Wesley Byler, D. C. Alder, Felix Decker, D. J. Hoffman, Clemmonsville.—S. S. Jones, Allan Phelps, A. W. Walker, J. A. Farabee, W. C. Strupe, Arcadia.—G. W. Burke, K. D. Snyder, W. D. Raper, D. J. Weesner, J. C. Kippie, Midway.—H. W. Lindsey, J. H. Hix, J. C. Moley, Charles L. D. Eller, Caleb Poole, Abbott's Creek.—N. W. Beeson, A. H. Welsh, Andrew Hines, D. P. Motesinger, W. Pickard, Thomassville.—Alex. Conrad, R. Gray, A. L. Grimes, S. R. Harris, P. C. Thomas, Conrad Hill.—E. P. May, J. M. Regan, J. W. May, Levi Floyd, B. F. Cople, Silver Hill.—Levi Hendrick, Abram Cross, J. F. Swing, P. E. Hendrick, J. R. Palmer, Eumons.—J. R. Plummer, Robert Williams, Allen Parrish, A. G. Morris, John I. Workman, Jackson Hill.—C. J. Keen, L. S. Suratt, J. W. Kirtland, Samuel Badger, N. R. Harrison, Alleghany.—John G. Suratt, Thomas Smith, Stephen S. Steed, H. T. Sills, W. W. Bailey, Healing Springs.—G. K. Holmes, T. H. Daniel, C. G. Harris, Peter Cross, Robert Tysinger.

The propriety of abolishing the office of County Treasurer was discussed, but it was decided that the office is a necessity, and any change would be inexpedient.

SCALES OF VALUATION.

No 1 Horses and Mules \$100; no. 2 75; no. 3, 50; no. 4, 25; no. 5, 15; no. 6, 10; no. 7, 5; no. 8, 4; no. 9, 3; no. 10, 2; no. 11, 1; no. 12, 50; no. 13, 20; no. 14, 10; no. 15, 5; no. 16, 2; no. 17, 1; no. 18, 50; no. 19, 20; no. 20, 10; no. 21, 5; no. 22, 2; no. 23, 1; no. 24, 50; no. 25, 20; no. 26, 10; no. 27, 5; no. 28, 2; no. 29, 1; no. 30, 50; no. 31, 20; no. 32, 10; no. 33, 5; no. 34, 2; no. 35, 1; no. 36, 50; no. 37, 20; no. 38, 10; no. 39, 5; no. 40, 2; no. 41, 1; no. 42, 50; no. 43, 20; no. 44, 10; no. 45, 5; no. 46, 2; no. 47, 1; no. 48, 50; no. 49, 20; no. 50, 10; no. 51, 5; no. 52, 2; no. 53, 1; no. 54, 50; no. 55, 20; no. 56, 10; no. 57, 5; no. 58, 2; no. 59, 1; no. 60, 50; no. 61, 20; no. 62, 10; no. 63, 5; no. 64, 2; no. 65, 1; no. 66, 50; no. 67, 20; no. 68, 10; no. 69, 5; no. 70, 2; no. 71, 1; no. 72, 50; no. 73, 20; no. 74, 10; no. 75, 5; no. 76, 2; no. 77, 1; no. 78, 50; no. 79, 20; no. 80, 10; no. 81, 5; no. 82, 2; no. 83, 1; no. 84, 50; no. 85, 20; no. 86, 10; no. 87, 5; no. 88, 2; no. 89, 1; no. 90, 50; no. 91, 20; no. 92, 10; no. 93, 5; no. 94, 2; no. 95, 1; no. 96, 50; no. 97, 20; no. 98, 10; no. 99, 5; no. 100, 2.

Sheep and goats \$100; lambs, 50; jennets, \$50; to \$200; bacon and lard, 60; cotton, 7; tobacco, 3; corn, 40; wheat, 80; rye, 50; oats, 30; brandy and whisky, 35 and \$125; lumber, 50 per hundred feet; flour, sacked \$2.00.

Extracts from the Proceedings of the State Medical Society.

BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

Dr. Satchwell moved that the society proceed to the election, by ballot, of the State Board of Medical Examiners, as the term of the present board had expired by law.

Dr. Satchwell accompanied his motion with some forcible remarks on the importance of the board as a most valuable auxiliary in the great cause of medical improvement and reform in the State and its assistance in the needed works of a higher standard of qualifications on the part of those termed loosely annually as doctors upon the community; having for six years been a member of the board he knew something of its arduous labors and responsibilities and was opposed to the election of any one as a member who was not known to possess a high personal and professional character. The members should be selected from every section of the State. He nominated the following ticket, which was duly elected: Dr. G. F. Wood, H. T. Balmston, T. D. Haigh, G. L. Kirby, P. E. Hines, Joseph Graham and R. H. Hicks.

The chairman of the committee on Credentials stated that applications were frequently made for membership by persons not present at the meeting. He informed the friends of such that it is essential that the applicants be present to sign the constitution and by-laws.

There were many applicants present for examination to obtain certificates of competency. As the law now stands no man can legally practice medicine in the State or collect his fees, unless he has obtained his certificate from the board. We understand that the Medical Society is taking steps to bring the matter prominently before the people in order that they may know who are dodging the examinations, and thereby guarding themselves against impostors. It will be well for executors and administrators in the settlement of estates to ask the doctor who presents his bill to show his certificate.

VEGETINE

is recommended by all

PHYSICIANS.

VALLEY STREAM, QUEENS CO., LONG ISLAND, N. Y.

Mr. STEVENS.—I take the pleasure of writing you a small certificate concerning Vegetine prepared by me, I have been a sufferer with the Dyspepsia for over forty years, and have had the Chronic, violent, and over months and have tried most everything; was given up to die, and did not expect to live from day to day, and a physician could touch my case, I saw your Vegetine recommended to cure Dyspepsia. I commenced using it, and I continued doing so, and am now a well woman and restored to perfect health. All who are afflicted with this terrible disease, I would kindly recommend to try it for the benefit of their health, and it is excellent as a blood purifier.

By Dr. T. D. FORREST, M. D., for Mrs. Wm. H. FORBES.

VEGETINE.—When the blood becomes lifeless and stagnant, either from change of weather or of climate, want of exercise, irregular diet, or from any other cause, the VEGETINE will renew the blood, carry off the putrid humors, cleanse the stomach, regulate the bowels, and impart a tone of vigor to the whole body.

For Cancers and CANCEROUS HUMORS. The Doctor's Certificate. READ IT.

ASHLEY, WASHINGTON CO., Ill., Jan. 14, '78.

Mr. STEVENS.—I take the pleasure of writing you a small certificate concerning Vegetine prepared by me, I have been a sufferer with the Dyspepsia for over forty years, and have had the Chronic, violent, and over months and have tried most everything; was given up to die, and did not expect to live from day to day, and a physician could touch my case, I saw your Vegetine recommended to cure Dyspepsia. I commenced using it, and I continued doing so, and am now a well woman and restored to perfect health. All who are afflicted with this terrible disease, I would kindly recommend to try it for the benefit of their health, and it is excellent as a blood purifier.

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POETRY.

The Backbiter.

There's some one living in this town
(May be you know her name,
And may be should I write it down,
Your own might prove the same.)
Who, when you say, "He's good,"
Will cry,
"Indeed! You think that's true,
But, 'very confidentially,'
"You wouldn't—if you knew!"
One says, "What pretty girl goes by?"
"Oh, horrors! you don't think
So?—Since we're you and I,
I'll say her parents drink,
And she—well, I won't tell it out,
Though I've no doubt 'tis true,
You think she's nice and pretty—but
You wouldn't—if you knew."

If one sings sweetly, "How she flirts!"
If dressed in taste, "What style!"
Supremely "vulgar" all her hair,
Her dresses simply "vile."
And when good Deacon Busby failed
(A noble man and true),
She said, when he his lot bewailed,
"You wouldn't—if you knew!"

Let those admire and love who can
This malice breathing dame,
Who seems to think a prosperous man
Must surely be to blame,
That beauty is a mark of sin;
That goodness must be crime;
She sees but thieves and rascals in
The heroes of the time.

Sometimes she doesn't hesitate
To tell us what she knows,
And in nine cases out of eight
A lie is all she shows.
For virtue's sake I hope to find
One good old doctrine true,
Some heat for such I should not mind,
You wouldn't—if you knew.

HUMOROUS.

Pete Whetstone and the Mail Boy.

Pete Whetstone, of Arkansas, was once travelling on horseback through the interior of the state, and called one evening to stay all night at a little log cabin near the road, where entertainment and the post-office were kept. Two other strangers were there, and the mail rider rode up about dark. Supper being over, the mail carrier and the three strangers were taken into a small room, furnished with a good fire and two beds, which were to accommodate the four persons for the night. The mail carrier was a little, shabby, dirty, hard-looking wretch, with whom none of the gentlemen liked the idea of sleeping. Pete Whetstone eyed him closely as he asked:

"Where do you sleep to-night, my lad?"

"I'll sleep with you, I reckon," lisped the youth, "or with them other fellows, I don't care which."

The other two gentlemen took the hint and occupied one of the beds immediately, leaving the other and confab to be enjoyed by Pete and the mail boy together as best they could. Pete and the boy both commenced hauling off their duds, and Pete getting into bed first and wishing to get rid of sleeping with the boy, remarked very earnestly:

"My friend, I'll tell you beforehand, I've got the itch, and you had better not get in here with me, for the disease is catching."

The boy, who was just getting into bed too, drawled out very coolly:

"Wall, I reckon! I've had it now for nearly three years, and into the bed he pitched along with Pete, who pitched out in as great a hurry as if he had waked up in a hornets nest in the bed. The other two gentlemen roared, and the mail boy, who had got peaceable possession of a bed to himself, drawled out—

"Why, you must be a thet of darn fules—nam and dad's got the each a heap wuth than I is, and they thlept in that bed last night when they were here at the quilling."

The other two strangers were now in a worse predicament than Pete had been, jumped out as if the bed had been on fire, stripped, shook off their clothes, put them on again, ordered their horses, and though it was nearly ten o'clock, they all three rode several miles to the next town before they slept, leaving the imperturbable mail carrier to the bliss of scratching and sleeping alone. The three men vowed to keep the affair a secret but it eventually leaked out.

FORCE OF HABIT.—In most of our colleges it is the custom for one member of the faculty—usually the president—to have the supervision of all absent and dilatory students, and to him every such one is to go to explain the cause of his absence or tardiness. No more kind and indulgent guardian of the college discipline could have been found than Dr. A. Every student knew well his old and stereotyped way of saying, "Well, well, I'll excuse you this time; but don't let it happen again." Although not in accordance with the usual rule, Mr. H., a married man, had been admitted to pursue the studies of the regular course. One day he was absent and on appearing with his class in the doctor's room, he explained, with great embarrassment, that the arrival of an heir been the cause of his detention. Without looking up from the papers on his table, and apparently without a thought as to the nature of the excuse, so long as there was one, the Doctor graciously remarked: "Well, well, I'll excuse you this time; but don't let it happen again." The announcement was greeted by the class with the most tumultuous applause.

The man who borrows a newspaper instead of subscribing for one, is the man who will try to crawl over the wall of heaven instead of passing through St. Peter's gate.—*St. Louis Journal.*

That the South still has deadly designs against the north is shown by the fact that seven car loads of cucumbers were shipped from Sackenville, Florida, last Wednesday.—*Philadelphia Times.*

AGRICULTURAL.

THE COLORADO BEETLE.

[Raleigh News.]

Apprehensions having been expressed that this bug, which has been so destructive to the potato and other crops in the western and north-western States, has made its appearance in Cumberland and Warren counties, I respectfully ask for the information of our farmers, space in your columns for such description of it as I have been able to learn from the most authentic sources.

DESCRIPTION AND HABITS.

It is known as *Doryphora decem lineata*, or western ten-lined potato-bug; was first found in Arkansas and Missouri in the year 1823, where it was feeding on the vine of a species of wild potato. On farms it feeds chiefly on the potato, tomato, egg-plant, thorn-apple, black henbane, &c. Its eggs, from the number of seven to twelve hundred—are deposited on the young leaves of the potato. The larvæ hatch out in a few days, and feed from seventeen to twenty days. Their powers of multiplication are so great that the Canadian Entomologist estimates that a single pair, if allowed to increase unmolested, would, in one season, produce over sixty millions. There are generally three broods annually, the last brood remaining underground all winter and appearing as perfect beetles the following spring. The larva is at first of a dark reddish brown, but becomes paler and brighter as it matures. The head is black, and it has a ring of black on the first segment of its body, and two rows of black spots on each side. The perfect insect is about half an inch in length, of a thick, oval shape, and of a yellowish cream color, with ten black lines running lengthwise down the wing covers. The head and thorax are of an orange-brown color, spotted and marked with black.

KINDRED INSECTS.

There is another insect so closely resembling the true Colorado beetle, that it is difficult for any but an experienced entomologist to detect the difference. This insect is called *Doryphora undata*, and has the second and third stripes always united behind, and sometimes before, giving it the appearance of having only eight stripes, instead of ten, on the wing covers. The beetle soon after its discovery was found to be moving eastward, at about the average rate of sixty-two miles a year. It crossed the Mississippi river in 1864, and it was calculated by entomologists that it would reach the Atlantic coast in 1878.

DAMAGE BY BEETLES.

The damages by the beetle are confined chiefly to the Irish potato, and it is said that they are not fond of certain varieties, such as Peachblow, Early Rose, Peerless, Chilli, &c.

EXTERMINATING REMEDY.

The most effective remedy yet found is Paris Green mixed with eight to twelve parts of wheat flour, or three parts of wood ashes. But great caution should be observed in the use of this poison, so as not to inhale it. The insect itself is said, on good authority, to possess poisonous properties, and persons have suffered from incutaneous humors of them.

SPECIMENS AND INFORMATION WANTED.

I have requested gentlemen in Cumberland and Warren, to send specimens of the bug appearing in those counties, to this office, with the view of ascertaining its identity. Should it appear in other portions of the State, I would be pleased to have information of the fact at once.

L. L. POLK.

Shipping Fruit.

The following letter will be of interest, and affords some information to fruit growers of our State, concerning the packing and shipping of fruit:

ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY (BRANCH)
OFFICE, 638 BROADWAY,
New York, May 22nd, 1878.

MR. T. D. GILLESPIE, Sup't.

DEAR SIR:—During my stay in New York I have paid particular attention to the receipt of strawberries and vegetables from the South, and have the pleasure to report that all I have seen have been in good order. Not a misconnection has been had since the berry season; the crates are handled very carefully; the consignees generally call at Jersey City with their drays; and in case this is not done, prompt deliveries are made by the wagons of the Adams Express Company.

During the season berries by express have come in such good order, that often consignments are sold before arrival, telegraphic notes being sent advising of the shipment.

Dealers here express themselves well pleased with the condition of berries shipped by Express, but say that better prices would have been received had greater care been given to the selection and assorting; the large and fine berries should be packed in separate crates from small and inferior quality.

As the peach season will soon commence information to growers and shippers will not be amiss, and the dealers here suggest that bushel crates be used.

Peaches should be placed in crates by hand and closely packed, the crates to be made with slate half inch apart, and that care be had in assorting the fruit—the fine and indifferent to be put in separate crates, as the indifferent damages the sale of the fine. It would be well to have the crates rounded at corners so when loaded in cars fruit will have better ventilation.

The first ripe peaches were received yesterday from Macon, Georgia. It is expected that large quantities will be shipped, and dealers are anxious, as they find great demand for good fruit.

Respectfully,
C. I. VOORHEES, Route Agent.

S. E. ALLEN,

WHOLESALE RETAIL DEALER IN

HARDWARE,

AND

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Iron,
Nails,
Stoves,
Window Glass,
Sash,
Blinds and Doors,

OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE,
WINSTON, N. C.

HAS ALSO A FULL LINE OF

ACORN COOKING

AND

HEATING STOVES.

GET THE BEST

ACORN WOOD COOK

AND

HEATER.

CARPETS, CARPETS,

CARPETS.

THE people of this vicinity have long felt the necessity of having a larger and better assortment of Carpets to select from than has ever been kept in the place before. That want is now fully supplied. We have secured the exclusive use of

Richardson's Carpet Exhibitor,

A WONDERFUL INVENTION

for showing Carpets; a brief description of the use of which we give below. With the use of the CARPET EXHIBITOR, we show from a Sample just how the Carpet looks on a very large room, multiplying the Sample a thousand times, matched and shown as perfect as when the carpet is made up and nailed upon the floor. In this way we are now prepared to show you a

NEW YORK WHOLESALE STOCK.

We have made special arrangements with one of the Largest Houses in New York, to fill all our orders for Carpets, and will show you a larger assortment to select from than has ever been kept outside of a wholesale house. We keep samples of all

NEW AND DESIRABLE PATTERNS.

which are not kept in stock outside of large cities. This way of buying Carpets has now become popular, and we show you how you can buy for cash in New York, and there being no remnants to take off the profits, we are enabled to sell on a very small commission, and most respectfully invite the public to examine our stock, and satisfy themselves.

IF YOU WANT A CARPET

of any dimensions, bring a correct measure of your room and we guarantee to suit you. Please call and see us, whether you wish to buy or not, as it is no trouble to show goods.

PATTERSON & CO.,

CARPETS, DRY GOODS, AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Main Street, Salem, N. C.

LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE,

AN ILLUSTRATED MONTHLY OF

Literature, Science and Art.

ANNOUNCEMENT FOR 1878.

With the number for January, this magazine begins its twenty-first volume. During the ten years of its existence it has won a high place in periodical literature, and its conductors will spare no efforts in the future to maintain its reputation, constantly aiming to supply their patrons with a fund of THE BEST AND MOST ATTRACTIVE READING.

SERIALS AND SHORT STORIES, SKETCHES, OF TRAVEL AND ADVENTURE, ESSAYS ON POPULAR QUESTIONS OF THE DAY, POEMS, REVIEWS, &c., &c., &c.

Among the attractions for the new year, the publishers would call attention to the SERIAL NOVELS, embracing "FOR PERCEVAL," a charming story of English life, handsomely illustrated, and a NEW AMERICAN STORY, by ELLEN W. OLNEY, the talented author of "The Indian Girl," which will be commenced on the conclusion of "For Perceval."

A series of ILLUSTRATED ARTICLES, embracing seven on SOUTH-EASTERN EUROPE, (including Bulgaria and Roumania,) by Edward King; Descriptions of OLD ENGLISH TOWNS, by able contributors; Descriptions of Parts of SWEDEN, by Professor JAMES A. HARRISON; Sketches of LIFE IN NORWAY, by OLIVER LOGAN; Some Account of the ITALIAN LAKES, by ROBERT A. McLEOD, &c.

Papers on FRENCH LIFE AND MANNERS, by HENRY JAMES, JR.; THE WIND RIVER COUNTRY (especially interesting on account of the Indian troubles) by Gen. J. S. BISSSEL, U. S. A.; JUDGE NICHOLAS, of Kentucky, by PAUL R. SHIPMAN, and on various subjects by S. W. MITCHELL, M.D., Sarah B. WINTER, EDWARD C. BRUCE, Rev. LEONARD W. BACON, and others.

SPECIAL OFFER—\$5.00 in Value for \$4.00.

The Serial Story "For Perceval," having been commenced in October, the numbers for OCTOBER, NOVEMBER and DECEMBER will be furnished gratuitously to all new subscribers for 1878.

FOR SALE BY ALL BOOK AND NEWS DEALERS.

TERMS—Yearly Subscription, \$4.00; Two Copies, \$7.00; Three Copies, \$10.00; Five Copies, \$16.00; Ten Copies, \$30.00, with a copy gratis to the person procuring the club. Single Numbers, 30 cents.

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In effect on and after Sunday, Nov. 11, 1877.

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*Meal Stations. No. 1 Daily. No. 3 Daily.
Leave Greensboro, 5 05 p.m. 8 20 a.m.
Arrive Salisbury, 7 17 p.m. 10 21 a.m.
*Air-Line Junction, 8 35 p.m. 12 00 p.m.
*Charlotte, 9 23 p.m. 12 26 p.m.

No. 1—Connects at Air-Line Junction for Atlanta and all points in the South and South west; At Charlotte with C. & A. R. R. for all points in the South and Southeast and Florida points.

No. 2—Connects at Salisbury with W. N. C. R. R. for all points in Western North Carolina; at Charlotte with C. & A. R. R. for Columbia and South, and A. & C. A. Line for Atlanta and the Southwest.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

*Meal Stations. No. Daily. No. 4 Daily.
Leave Greensboro, 11 16 a.m. 10 41 p.m.
Arrive Danville, 1 12 p.m. 12 50 a.m.
Arrive Greensboro, 4 10 p.m. 3 40 a.m.
No. 1 Daily No. 3 Daily
Leave Greensboro, 7 30 a.m. 4 00 p.m.
Arrive Raleigh, 12 10 p.m. 6 30 p.m.
Leave Raleigh, 4 42 p.m.

No. 2—Connects at Burkeville with A. M. and O. R. R. for Petersburg, etc.; at Belle Mead with Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac R. R. for all points North, East and West; At Richmond with C. & O. R. R. for all points West.

North Carolina Railroad Division.

TRAINS GOING EAST. No. 2 Daily No. 4 Daily.
Leave Greensboro, 11 20 a.m. 10 45 p.m.
Arrive Raleigh, 4 10 p.m. 3 40 a.m.
Leave Raleigh, 4 20 p.m. 3 50 a.m.
Arrive Greensboro, 8 45 p.m. 12 00 p.m.

TRAINS GOING WEST. No. 1 Daily No. 3 Daily.
Leave Greensboro, 7 30 a.m. 4 00 p.m.
Arrive Raleigh, 12 10 p.m. 6 30 p.m.
Leave Raleigh, 4 42 p.m.

SALEM BRANCH.

Leave Salem, daily except Sunday at 8 10 a.m.
Arrive Greensboro, " " 10 15 a.m.
Leave Greensboro, " " 5 40 p.m.
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Run both ways with Trains (Nos. 1 and 2) between New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Charlotte and Atlanta; Atlanta and New Orleans.

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Only 25 Cents a Copy.

Some idea of the attraction offered in the CHRISTMAS NUMBER OF ST. NICHOLAS, of which 100,000 copies will be issued, may be gained from the following: There are poems by HENRY W. LONGFELLOW and WILLIAM CULLEN BRYANT; a fine sketch of the life of Boy Life, by the late THOMAS WINTHROP; and a short story by the author of "Alice in Wonderland"; a new fairy story, "Sweet Marjoram"; by FRANK R. STOCKTON, "The Peterkins Charades," by LUCRETIA P. HALE; a poetic riddle by Dr. J. G. HOLLAND, and a comparison between the manners of young folks in olden times and nowadays, by GAIL HAMILTON.

Of the story element, the brightest feature is the beginning of the new serial by Miss Alcott, entitled "Under the Lilacs," with illustrations by Mary Halleck Foote.

The Christmas Number contains also the opening of a new Serial Story for Boys, a tale of tropical life, entitled "Tower-Mountain," by GEORGE FENNELL, admirably illustrated by the artist Moran and Kelly; "A Portrait of Miss Alcott," with a sketch of her life; several poems by Two Little American Girls; a Play, and a Christmas Carol (set to music); and half a dozen complete short stories, bright, funny, exciting and pathetic, &c., &c.

The New Cover is by the English Artist, WALTER CRANE—the famous designer of The Baby's Opera.

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St. Nicholas for 1878.

Besides Miss Alcott's serial for Girls, and the three serials for Boys, to follow each other in rapid succession, will contain a short story by the author of "The Schonbergotta Family," and an article, "Around the World in a Yacht, Boys!" has been promised by a brilliant writer, now on the actual tour of the world in his own yacht. There will be contributions by the Daughter of the Famous Peter Parley, and a Letter to Young Americans by GEORGE MAGDONALD.

The "HOW" SERIES of instructive papers, by various authors, will tell HOW to bind your own books; HOW they mine coal; HOW to enjoy yourselves at home; HOW to be an agreeable guest; HOW to entertain company; HOW to be a carpenter; how to make an ice-boat; how to build a house; how India rubber is gathered; how matches are made; how money is made; how macerated are caught; how they laid the Atlantic cable; how they mine in California; how they work in the tea country; how to be a parlor magician; etc. There will be also, a series of stories and sketches of Foreign Life.

TRAVEL AND ADVENTURE.

such as Old Nicolo, (a Russian story.) A Day among the Welsh Castles; Easter in Germany; The Indians of the Amazon; How Kitty was Lost in a Russian Bazaar; Master Montezuma, (a Mexican story); Hansa, the Lapp Maiden, and many others.

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